

VITAXEL GROUP LTD

FORM 10-Q/A (Amended Quarterly Report)

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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q/A

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended **March 31, 2017**

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number: **333-201365**

VITAXEL GROUP LIMITED
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)

30-0803939
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

Wisma Ho Wah Genting, No. 35
Jalan Maharajalela, 50150
Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
(Address of principal executive offices)

603.2143.2889
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N/A
(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company
Emerging Growth Company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of May 11, 2018, the registrant has 54,087,903 shares of common stock outstanding.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

This Amendment No. 1 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (this "Amendment") is being filed to amend and restate in its entirety Part I of our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2017 as originally filed with SEC on May 22, 2017 (the "Original Form 10-Q").

The Consolidated Balance Sheets, Consolidated Statement of Income and Comprehensive Loss for the quarter ended March 31, 2017 and Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows included in this Amendment have been restated to correct the revenue, cost of goods sold and operating expenses.

Except as described above, this Amendment does not modify or update the disclosures presented in, or exhibits to, the Original Form 10-Q in any way. Those sections of the Original Form 10-Q that are unaffected by the Amendment are not included herein. This Amendment continues to speak as of the date of the Original Form 10-Q. Furthermore, this Amendment does not reflect events occurring after the dates of the Original Form 10-Q. Accordingly, this Amendment should be read in conjunction with the Original Form 10-Q, and with our subsequent filings with the SEC.

VITAXEL GROUP LIMITED
FORM 10-Q
FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED March 31, 2017
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FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Vitaxel Group Limited
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016
(In U.S.dollars)

	As of March 31, 2017 (Unaudited)	As of December 31, 2016
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 90,421	\$ 105,432
Accounts receivable	—	1,944
Prepayment	5,685	5,070
Amount due from related parties	27,453	27,082
Amount due from an associated company	79,252	—
Due from director	5,133	5,427
Inventories	37,331	53,913
Other receivables and other assets	40,058	21,978
Total Current Assets	285,333	220,846
NON-CURRENT ASSETS		
Property, plant and equipment, net	200,618	194,669
Total Non-Current Assets	200,618	194,669
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 485,951	\$ 415,515
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Amounts due to related parties	\$ 817,877	\$ 632,239
Amounts due to an associated company	—	279,219
Due to Director	59,617	—
Commission payables	159,417	115,915
Accounts payable	2,197	8,251
Accrued expense and other payables	614,173	446,487
Total Current Liabilities	1,653,281	1,482,111
NON-CURRENT LIABILITY		
Deferred tax liability	—	—
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,653,281	1,482,111
Commitments and Contingencies		
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Common stock par value \$0.000001: 7,000,000,000 shares authorized; 5,408,754,000 and 5,098,725,000 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	5,409	5,099
Preferred stock par value \$0.0001: 1,000,000 shares authorized; and 0 outstanding	—	—
Additional paid-in capital	4,749,798	1,340,504
Accumulated deficit	(6,245,200)	(2,639,138)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	322,663	226,939
Total Stockholders' Equity	(1,167,330)	(1,066,596)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 485,951	\$ 415,515

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Vitaxel Group Limited
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS
(In U.S. dollars)
(Unaudited)

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2017	2016
REVENUE	\$ 483,473	\$ 860,240
COST OF REVENUE	(138,984)	(555,088)
GROSS PROFIT	344,489	305,152
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Selling expense	(101)	(867)
General and administrative expenses	(3,936,664)	(357,754)
Total Operating Expenses	(3,936,765)	(358,621)
LOSS FROM OPERATIONS	(3,592,276)	(53,469)
OTHER INCOME/(EXPENSE), NET		
Other Income	10,240	56,750
Other Expense	(80)	(313)
Total Other Income / (Expense), net	10,160	56,437
INCOME/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXES	(3,582,116)	2,968
Income tax expense	—	—
Net Income/(Loss)	<u>\$ (3,582,116)</u>	<u>\$ 2,968</u>
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS)/INCOME		
Foreign currency translation adjustment	95,724	(105,825)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS	<u>\$ (3,486,392)</u>	<u>\$ (102,57)</u>
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - basic and diluted	5,408,754,000	4,936,470,492
Net loss per share		
- basic and diluted	<u>\$ (0.00)</u>	<u>\$ (0.00)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Vitaxel Group Limited
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(In U.S. dollars)
(Unaudited)

	For the Period Ended March 31,	
	2017	2016
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net loss	\$ (3,582,116)	\$ 2,968
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation – property, plant and equipment	6,125	5,000
Issuance of employee equity incentive plan	3,409,604	—
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Accounts Receivable	1,944	—
Prepayment	(615)	(1,230)
Other receivables and other assets	(15,673)	(8,339)
Inventories	16,582	(11,783)
Accounts Payable	(6,054)	—
Commission payables	43,502	124,293
Other payables and accrued expenses	97,163	298,675
Tax payable	—	24,298
Net cash (used in) generated from operating activities	(29,538)	433,882
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(12,074)	(93,048)
Net cash used in investing activities	(12,074)	(93,048)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from directors	59,617	25,641
(Repayments) Proceeds from related parties	(131,876)	202,797
Amount due to directors	294	—
Amount due from related parties	27,082	—
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(44,883)	228,438
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATES ON CASH	71,484	(105,825)
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(15,011)	463,447
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	105,432	303,794
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 90,421	\$ 767,241
SUPPLEMENTAL OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION		
Cash paid for interest expenses	\$ —	\$ —
Cash paid for income tax	\$ —	\$ —

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Vitaxel Group Limited
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(In U.S. dollars)
(Unaudited)

1. ORGANIZATION AND BUSINESS

Vitaxel Group Limited (formerly Albero, Corp., the “Company”), incorporated in Nevada, is engaged in direct selling industry and online shopping platform primarily through its operating entities in Malaysia.

Vitaxel SDN BHD (“Vitaxel”), was incorporated in Malaysia on August 10, 2012. The Company is primarily engaged in the direct selling industry utilizing a multi-level marketing model with an emphasis on travel, entertainment and lifestyle products and services.

Vitaxel Online Mall SBN BHD (“Vionmall”), was incorporated in Malaysia on September 22, 2016. The Company is primarily in developing online shopping platforms geared to Vitaxel and its members and the third party suppliers of products and services.

Vitaxel Singapore PTE. Ltd. (“Vitaxel Singapore”) was incorporated in Singapore on February 16, 2016.

REVERSE ACQUISITION

On January 18, 2016, the Company completed and closed a share exchange (the “Share Exchange”) under a Share Exchange Agreement (the “Share Exchange Agreement”) of the same date among us, Vitaxel SDN BHD, a Malaysian corporation (“Vitaxel”), the shareholders of Vitaxel, Vitaxel Online Mall SBN BHD, a Malaysian corporation (“Vionmall”) and the shareholders of Vionmall pursuant to which Vitaxel and Vionmall each became wholly owned subsidiaries of ours. In the Share Exchange, all of the outstanding shares of Vitaxel and Vionmall were converted into shares of our Common Stock, as described in more detail below.

In connection with the Share Exchange and pursuant to the Split-Off Agreement, we transferred our pre-Share Exchange assets and liabilities to our pre-Share Exchange majority stockholder, in exchange for the surrender by him and cancellation of 3,000,000 shares of our Common Stock

As a result of the Share Exchange and Split-Off, we discontinued our pre-Share Exchange business and acquired the businesses of Vitaxel and Vionmall, and will continue the existing business operations of Vitaxel and Vionmall as a publicly-traded company under the name Vitaxel Group Limited.

In accordance with “reverse acquisition” accounting treatment, our historical financial statements as of period ends, and for periods ended, prior to the acquisition will be replaced with the historical financial statements of Vitaxel and Vionmall prior to the Share Exchange in all future filings with the SEC.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“U.S. GAAP”) for interim financial information Article 8 of Regulation S-X.

This basis of accounting involves the application of accrual accounting and consequently, revenues and gains are recognized when earned, and expenses and losses are recognized when incurred. The Company’s financial statements are expressed in U.S. dollars.

Fiscal year end is December 31.

Use of estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Foreign currency translation and transactions

The functional currency of the Company is the Malaysian Ringgit (“MYR”) and reporting currency of the Company is United States Dollar (“USD”). The financial statements of the Company are translated into USD using the exchange rate as of the balance sheet date for assets and liabilities and average exchange rate for the year for income and expense items. Translation gains and losses are recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income or loss as a component of shareholders’ equity.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and highly liquid investments, which are unrestricted from withdrawal or use, and which have original maturities of three months or less when purchased.

Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are recognized and carried at original invoiced amount less an allowance for any potential uncollectible amounts. An estimate for doubtful debts is made when collection of the full amount is no longer probable. Bad debts are written off as incurred. The Company generally does not require collateral from its customers. For the period ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, the Company did not write off any accounts receivable as bad debts.

Fair value of financial instruments

FASB ASC 820, “Fair Value Measurement,” specifies a hierarchy of valuation techniques based upon whether the inputs to those valuation techniques reflect assumptions other market participants would use based upon market data obtained from independent sources (observable inputs). In accordance with ASC 820, the following summarizes the fair value hierarchy:

Level 1 Inputs – Unadjusted quoted market prices for identical assets and liabilities in an active market that the Company has the ability to access.

Level 2 Inputs – Inputs other than the quoted prices in active markets that are observable either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 Inputs – Inputs based on prices or valuation techniques that are both unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurements.

ASC 820 requires the use of observable market data, when available, in making fair value measurements. When inputs used to measure fair value fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the level within which the fair value measurement is categorized is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurements. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, none of the Company’s assets and liabilities was required to be reported at fair value on a recurring basis. Carrying values of non-derivative financial instruments, including cash, accounts receivables, payables and accrued liabilities, approximate their fair values due to the short term nature of these financial instruments. There were no changes in methods or assumptions during the periods presented.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at lower of cost or market, with cost determined on a weighted-average method, and not to exceed net realizable value. The Company writes down its inventory balances for obsolete amounts estimated on an individual basis for the finished goods and the raw material items with large amounts, and by a category basis for low value raw material items.

Long-term investment

The Company's interests in associated companies are accounted for under equity method under U.S. GAAP. Under the equity method, if the Company's share of losses of an associated company equals or exceeds the amount of investment plus advances made by the Company, the Company ordinarily discontinues including its share of losses and the investment is reported at nil value. If the associated company subsequently reports net income, the Company will resume applying the equity method only after its share of that net income equals the share of net losses not recognized during the period the equity method was suspended.

Property, plant and equipment, net

Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Office equipment	10 years
Furniture and fixtures	10 years
Leasehold improvement	10 years

Revenue recognition

Product sales – The Company generally recognizes revenue upon delivery and when both the title and risk and rewards pass to the independent members or purchasers of the products. Product sales are recognized net of product returns, discounts and taxes. A reserve for product returns is accrued based on historical experience. There was no deferred revenue accrued as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

Membership fee – The Company recognizes the membership fee revenue over the term of the membership, which is 12 months. The revenue will not be recognized until the 14 days cooling-off period is expired. For the period ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, all membership fees were waived by the Company for promotion purpose. Membership fees will be imposed with effect from July 1, 2017. A notice dated April 18, 2017 has been disseminated by the Company referenced 17026 elaborating the details.

Loyalty program

The Company operates loyalty program which allows customer to accumulate redemption points when they purchase products from the Company. The redemption points can be used to purchase a selection of products at discounted price or redeem products.

The Company allocates consideration received from the sale of goods to the goods sold and the redemption points issued that are expected to be redeemed.

The consideration allocated to the redemptions points issued is measured at fair value of the redemption points. It is recognized as a liability (deferred revenue) in the statement of financial position and recognized as revenue when the points are redeemed, have expired or are no longer expected to be redeemed. The amount of revenue recognized is based on the number of points that have been redeemed, relative to the number expected to redeem.

As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, there was no such deferred revenue recorded.

Commission expense

Commission expense incurred by the Company is recognized as cost of revenue and as a liability (commission payable in the consolidated balance sheet. Commission expense is not recoverable once recognized and is expensed as incurred.

Income taxes

Current income taxes are provided for in accordance with the laws of the relevant tax authorities. Deferred income taxes are recognized when temporary differences exist between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their reported amounts in the combined financial statements. Net operating loss carry forwards and credits are applied using enacted statutory tax rates applicable to future years. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, in the opinion of management, it is more-likely-than-not that a portion of or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. The components of the deferred tax assets and liabilities are individually classified as current and non-current based on their characteristics.

The impact of an uncertain income tax position on the income tax return is recognized at the largest amount that is more-likely-than-not to be sustained upon audit by the relevant tax authority. An uncertain income tax position will not be recognized if it has less than a 50% likelihood of being sustained. Interest and penalties on income taxes are classified as a component of the provisions for income taxes. The Company did not recognize any income tax due to uncertain tax positions or incur any interest and penalties related to potential underpaid income tax expense as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

Forward Stock split

On January 27, 2016, our Board of Directors declared a 1333-for-1 forward stock split of our outstanding common stock, par value \$0.000001 per share in the form of a dividend (the "Stock Split") with a record date of February 8, 2016 (the "Record Date"). On February 22, 2016, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA") notified us of its announcement of the payment date of the Stock Split as February 23, 2016 (the "Payment Date"). On the Payment Date, as a result of the Stock split, each holder of our common stock as of the Record Date received 1332 additional shares of our common stock for each one share owned, rounded up to the nearest whole share. All common stock share amounts referenced in this Quarterly Report give retroactive effect to the Stock Split.

Comprehensive loss

Comprehensive loss includes net loss and cumulative foreign currency translation adjustments and is reported in the Consolidated Statement of Income and Comprehensive Income (Loss).

Loss per share

The loss per share is computed using the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the fiscal years. For the period ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, there was no dilutive effect due to net loss.

Related party transactions

A related party is generally defined as:

- (i) any person that holds the Company's securities including such person's immediate families,
- (ii) the Company's management,
- (iii) someone that directly or indirectly controls, is controlled by or is under common control with the Company, or

(iv) anyone who can significantly influence the financial and operating decisions of the Company.

A transaction is considered to be a related party transaction when there is a transfer of resources or obligations between related parties.

Recently issued accounting pronouncements

Revenue Recognition: In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). The amendments in ASU 2015-14 defer the effective date of ASU 2014-09 for all entities by one year. Public business entities, certain not-for-profit entities, and certain employee benefit plans should apply the guidance in ASU 2014-09 to annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim reporting periods within that reporting period. Earlier application is permitted only as of annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim reporting periods within that reporting period.

Financial instrument: In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-01, “Financial Instruments - Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities” (“ASU 2016-01”). The standard addresses certain aspects of recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure of financial instruments. ASU 2016-01 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2017, and early adoption is not permitted. Accordingly, the standard is effective for us on January 1, 2018. We are currently evaluating the impact that the standard will have on our consolidated financial statements.

Leases: In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842) (“ASU 2016-2”), which provides guidance on lease amendments to the FASB Accounting Standard Codification. This ASU will be effective for us beginning in January 1, 2019. We are currently in the process of evaluating the impact of the adoption of ASU 2016-2 on our consolidated financial statements.

The Company believes that there were no other accounting standards recently issued that had or are expected to have a material impact on our financial position or results of operations.

3. GOING CONCERN

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming the Company will continue as a going concern. The Company has incurred losses since its inception resulting in an accumulated deficit of \$6,245,200 as of March 31, 2017. The ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon the Company generating profitable operations in the future and/or obtaining the necessary financing to meet its obligations and repay its liabilities arising from normal business operations when they become due. These combined financial statements do not include any adjustments to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

The Company expects to finance operations primarily through cash flow from revenue and capital contributions from principal shareholders. In the event that we require additional funding to finance the growth of the Company's current and expected future operations as well as to achieve our strategic objectives, our principal shareholders have indicated the intent and ability to provide additional equity financing.

These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company's continuation as a going concern is dependent on our ability to meet obligations as they become due and to obtain additional equity or alternative financing required to fund operations until sufficient sources of recurring revenues can be generated. There can be no assurance that the Company will be successful in its plans described above or in attracting equity or alternative financing on acceptable terms, or if at all. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

4. OTHER RECEIVABLES AND OTHER ASSETS

Other receivables and other assets consist of the following:

	As of March 31, 2017	As of December 31, 2016
Deposits (1)	\$ 17,591	\$ 19,497
Others (2)	22,467	2,481
	<u>\$ 40,058</u>	<u>\$ 21,978</u>

(1) Deposits represented payments for rental, utilities, and construction funds to government department.

(2) Others mainly consists other miscellaneous payments.

5. LONG-TERM INVESTMENT

On October 5, 2016, the Company invested 958,000 Thai Baht or \$27,539 to Vitaxel Corporation Thailand Co., Ltd., a company registered in Thailand, and holds 47.99% shares of it. The long-term investment is accounted using the equity method.

Long-term investment consists of the following:

	As of March 31, 2017	As of December 31, 2016
Long-term investment -cost	\$ 27,539	\$ 27,539
Long-term investment -share of loss in investment in an associated company	(25,716)	(25,716)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(1,823)	(1,823)
	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>

6. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property, plant and equipment, net consist of the following:

	As of March 31, 2017	As of December 31, 2016
Office equipment	\$ 30,892	\$ 30,476
Computer equipment	68,415	61,516
Furniture and fittings	7,293	7,131
Electrical & fitting	342	337
Motor vehicle	15,524	15,315
Software and website	10,586	7,544
Renovations	99,508	98,167
	<u>232,560</u>	<u>220,486</u>
Less: Accumulated depreciation	<u>(31,942)</u>	<u>(25,817)</u>
Balance at end of period/year	<u>\$ 200,618</u>	<u>\$ 194,669</u>

Depreciation expenses charged to the statements of operations for the period ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 were \$6,125 and \$5,000 respectively.

7. **ACCRUALS AND OTHER PAYABLES**

Accruals and other payables consist of the following:

	As of March 31, 2017	As of December 31, 2016
Provisions	\$ 22,622	\$ 21,243
Others	591,551	425,244
Balance at end of period/year	<u>\$ 614,173</u>	<u>\$ 446,487</u>

8. **AMOUNT DUE TO A DIRECTOR**

	As of March 31, 2017	As of December 31, 2016
Amounts due to a director		
Dato' Lim Hui Boon	\$ 59,617	\$ —

9. **INCOME TAX**

Provision for income taxes consisted of the following:

	For the three months ended	
	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
Current:		
Provision for Malaysian income tax	\$ —	\$ —
Provision for Singaporean income tax		
Provision for U.S. income tax	—	—
Deferred:		
Provision for Malaysian income tax	—	—
Provision for Singaporean income tax	—	—
Provision for U.S. income tax	—	—
	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>

Malaysia

The Company's two main operating subsidiaries, Vitaxel SDN BHD and Vitaxel Online Mall SDN BHD are companies incorporated in Malaysia. They recorded a loss before income tax of \$207,412 and an income \$2,968 for the period ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 respectively. A reconciliation of the provision for income taxes with amounts determined by applying the Malaysian income tax rate of 24% for the period ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, to income before income taxes is as follows:

	For the period ended	
	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
Profit (loss) before income tax	\$ (207,412)	\$ 2,968
Permanent difference	207,412	—
Taxable income	\$ —	\$ 2,968
Malaysian income tax rate	24%	24%
Current tax expenses	\$ —	\$ 712
Less: Valuation allowance	—	712
Income tax expenses	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>

United States of America

Vitaxel Group Limited is a company incorporated in State of Nevada and on consolidation of its subsidiaries accounts recorded a loss before income tax of \$3,409,604 and \$44,318 for the period ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 respectively. A reconciliation of the provision for income taxes with amounts determined by applying the United States Federal income tax rate of 34% for the periods ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, to income before income taxes is as follows:

	For the year ended	
	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
Profit (loss) before income tax	\$ (3,582,116)	\$ (44,318)
Permanent difference	3,582,116	44,318
Taxable income	\$ —	\$ —
United States income tax rate	34%	34%
Current tax expenses	\$ —	\$ —
Less: Valuation allowance	—	—
Income tax expenses	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>

Singapore

Vitaxel Singapore PTE. Ltd. is a company incorporated in Singapore and is eligible for partial tax exemption which effectively translates to about 8.5% tax rate on corporate profits up to SGD300,000 and 17% above SGD300,000. No provision for income tax is required due to the company not having any income or losses for the period ended March 31, 2017 and 2016.

No deferred tax has been provided as there are no material temporary differences arising during the periods ended March 31, 2017 and 2016.

10. AMOUNT DUE FROM AN ASSOCIATE COMPANY

	As of March 31, 2017	As of December 31, 2016
Vitaxel Corporation Thailand Co., Ltd.	<u>\$ 79,252</u>	<u>\$ —</u>

11. AMOUNT DUE TO ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

	As of March 31, 2017	As of December 31, 2016
Vitaxel Corporation Thailand Co., Ltd.	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 279,219</u>

12. RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS

As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the amount of due from a related party, Beedo SDN BHD, was \$22,706 and \$18,062 respectively. Beedo SDN BHD was a subsidiary of related company Ho Wah Genting Group SDN BHD from June 25, 2015 to August 12, 2016.

As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the amount of due from a related party, Ho Wah Genting Berhad, was \$4,747 and \$9,020 respectively.

As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the amount of due from director, LIM WEE KIAT, was \$1,000 and \$1,482 respectively. These amounts were unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the amount due from Leong Yee Ming was \$4,133 and \$3,945, respectively. These amounts were unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the amount of due to a related party, Ho Wah Genting Group Sdn Bhd, was \$694,140 and \$18,286 respectively. The President of the Company, Dato' Lim Hui Boon, is also the Group President of Ho Wah Genting Sdn Bhd.

The amount due to Ho Wah Genting Holiday Sdn Bhd was \$0 as of March 31, 2017 and \$8,807 as of December 31, 2016. A former director of the Company, Lim Chun Hoo, is also a director of Ho Wah Genting Holiday Sdn Bhd. On March 31, 2017, Lim Chun Hoo resigned from the Company.

The amount due to Genting Highlands Taxi Services SDN BHD was \$16,455 and \$16,234 respectively as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016. A director of the Company, Lim Wee Kiat, is also a director of Genting Highlands Taxi Services SDN BHD.

The amount due to the Company's associated company, Vitaxel Corp. (Thailand) Ltd., was \$0 as of March 31, 2017 and \$279,219 as of December 31, 2016.

The Company recognized an expense of \$59,644 pertaining for event, traveling and accommodation expenses during the three months ended March 31, 2017, which was charged to its related company, Ho Wah Genting Holiday Sdn. Bhd.

The Company recognized an expense of rent totalling \$14,239 of which \$4,746 during the three months ended March 31, 2017 was paid to its affiliate, Ho Wah Genting Berhad and \$9,493 was paid to Malaysia-Beijing Travel Services Sdn Bhd. The operating lease commitment to Ho Wah Genting Berhad as of December 31, 2016 was \$16,272 and \$37,975 to Malaysia-Beijing Travel Services Sdn Bhd. The lease commitment are disclosed in note 13 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES below under the heading Operation Commitments.

The Company recognized an expense of \$13,504 pertaining for website maintenance expense during the three months ended March 31, 2017, which was charged by its related company, Beedo Sdn. Bhd.

The Company recognized an income of \$1,417 pertaining for royalties during three months ended March 31, 2017 which was paid by its associated company, Vitaxel Corp. (Thailand) Limited.

13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Capital Commitments

The Company has no capital commitments.

Operation Commitments

The lease commitment to Ho Wah Genting Berhad where it is known in Malaysia as "Tenancy Agreement" has a tenure of 3 years started from January 1, 2016 and expiring on December 31, 2018 and 2 years started from December 4, 2015 to December 3, 2017 to Malaysia-Beijing Travel Services Sdn Bhd.

Year ending December 31, 2017	53,797
Year ending December 31, 2018	18,987
Total	<u>\$ 72,784</u>

Rental expense of the Company was \$25,244 and \$34,128 for the period ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

14. EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE

The Company has adopted ASC Topic No. 260, “Earnings Per Share,” (“EPS”) which requires presentation of basic and diluted EPS on the face of the income statement, and requires a reconciliation of the numerator and denominator of the basic EPS computation to the numerator and denominator of the diluted EPS computation. In the accompanying financial statements, basic earnings (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the year.

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share:

	For the period ended	
	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
Net (loss)/income applicable to common shares	\$ (3,582,116)	\$ 2,968
Weighted average common shares outstanding (Basic and diluted)	5,408,754,000	4,936,470,492
	<u>\$ (0.00)</u>	<u>\$ (0.00)</u>

The Company has no potentially dilutive securities, such as options or warrants, currently issued and outstanding.

15. CORRECTION OF ERROR

On April 16, 2018 the Board of Directors of Vitaxel Group Limited (the “Company”) determined that the Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the periods ended March 31, 2017, June 30, 2017 and September 30, 2017 need to be revised. These revisions are necessary due to errors with respect to the (i) cost of goods sold, (ii) shares issued in January 2017 and in March 2017 and (iii) minor corrections in the revenues.

Management noted an error in billing to its related party, Vitaxel Corporation Thailand Co., Ltd, for goods sold to them during the two quarters of fiscal year ended December 31, 2017 which led to the changes in cost of goods sold. It was also discovered that shares issued on January 4, 2017 and on March 21, 2017 were not properly recorded in the Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2017. Due to miscommunications within the Company, the shares issued pursuant to the 2016 Equity Incentive Plan were not recorded.

As a result of these errors, cost of goods sold were understated by \$3,395, overstated by \$25,465 and \$51,609 respectively for the periods ended March 31, 2017, June 30, 2017 and September 30, 2017. General and administrative expenses were understated by \$3,409,604 for the periods ended March 31, 2017, June 30, 2017 and September 30, 2017. Revenue was understated by \$38,925 and \$22,236 respectively for the periods ended March 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017, and overstated by \$3,713 for the period ended September 30, 2017.

Accordingly, the previously filed reports should no longer be relied upon and the Company has revised its Consolidated Balance Sheet as of March 31, 2017, June 30, 2017 and September 30, 2017 and Consolidated Statement of Income and Comprehensive Loss for three months ended March 31, 2017, six months ended June 30, 2017 and nine months ended September 30, 2017. The effect of recording the corrections on certain balance sheet accounts are set forth in the below table. The presentation in the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows have also been restated accordingly.

Accounts	For 3 months ended March 31, 2017		For Six-Month Period ended June 30, 2017		For Nine-Month Period ended September 30, 2017	
	As Reported	As Revised	As Reported	As Revised	As Reported	As Revised
Total Revenue	\$ 445,178	\$ 483,473	\$ 535,793	\$ 558,029	\$ 557,862	\$ 554,149
Cost of Revenue	(135,589)	(138,984)	(203,222)	(177,757)	(236,755)	(185,146)
Gross Profit	309,589	344,489	332,571	380,272	321,107	369,003
General and administrative expenses	(527,060)	(3,936,664)	(803,890)	(4,213,494)	(1,094,498)	(4,504,102)
Loss From Operations	(527,161)	(3,592,276)	(471,577)	(3,833,480)	(774,082)	(4,135,790)
Net Loss	(207,412)	(3,582,116)	(428,141)	(3,790,044)	(754,887)	(4,116,595)
Total Comprehensive Loss	(111,688)	(3,486,392)	(655,080)	(4,016,983)	(766,906)	(4,128,614)
Amount due from an associated company	40,957	79,252	117,156	139,392	112,119	108,406
Accrual and other payables	610,778	614,173	694,100	668,635	660,604	608,995
Additional paid-in capital	1,340,504	4,749,798	1,340,504	4,749,798	1,340,194	4,749,798
Accumulated deficit	(2,870,496)	(6,245,200)	(2,697,919)	(6,059,822)	(2,983,457)	(6,345,165)

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Information

The following management's discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the historical financial statements and the related notes thereto contained in this report. The management's discussion and analysis contains forward-looking statements, such as statements of our plans, objectives, expectations and intentions. Any statements that are not statements of historical fact are forward-looking statements. When used, the words "believe," "plan," "intend," "anticipate," "target," "estimate," "expect" and the like, and/or future tense or conditional constructions ("will," "may," "could," "should," etc.), or similar expressions, identify certain of these forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results or events to differ materially from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. The Company's actual results and the timing of events could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of several factors. The Company does not undertake any obligation to update forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances occurring after the date of this report.

The following discussion highlights the Company's results of operations and the principal factors that have affected our financial condition, as well as our liquidity and capital resources for the periods described, and provides information that management believes is relevant for an assessment and understanding of the statements of financial condition and results of operations presented herein. The following discussion and analysis are based on the Company's unaudited financial statements contained in this Quarterly Report, which we have prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles. You should read this discussion and analysis together with such financial statements and the related notes thereto.

As used in this Quarterly Report, the terms "we," "us," "Company," and "our" mean Vitaxel Group Limited, unless otherwise indicated.

Overview; Recent Events

We are a global direct selling, multi-level marketing ("MLM") company offering travel, entertainment, lifestyle and other products and services principally through electronic commerce commonly referred to as e-commerce. Through Vionmall, which went live in January 2016 for Vitaxel members and April 2016 for general public, we employ online shopping web sites for retail sales direct to consumers. We do not develop or manufacture the products and services which we offer. Our principal offices are located in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.

Unlike the traditional MLM business model where most of the business model concentrates on particular products and/or services, our business model allows our members to own a sub-domain through Vionmall where they can promote their own products and services (separate from our products and services). We believe that this model is the first of its kind in Asia.

As of March 31, 2017, we had approximately 4,714 members, with approximately 3,510 members in Malaysia and approximately 954 members in Singapore. Our members include approximately 463 Distributors, 1,853 Supervisors, 30 Managers, 38 Directors, 1,988 Senior Directors, 157 Global Directors, 90 Sapphire Global Directors, 65 Ruby Global Directors, 14 Emerald Global Directors, 6 Diamond Global Directors and 10 Black Diamond Global Directors.

As of March 31, 2017, we have expanded our network member base into approximately 16 Asian countries. While sales within our local markets may fluctuate due to economic, market and regulatory conditions, competitive pressures, political and social instability or for Company-specific reasons, we believe that our geographic diversity and intended further geographic diversity mitigates and will continue to mitigate our exposure to any one particular market.

Results of Operations –Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 Compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements in Item 1, *Financial Statements*, for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 and the related notes thereto.

Revenue

We recognized \$483,473 and \$860,240 revenues for the periods ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The decrease in revenue is attributable to a decrease in our sales due to fewer customers in the current period compared to the same period last year.

Cost of Sales

Cost of sales for the period ended March 31, 2017 was \$138,984 compared to \$555,088 for the period ended March 31, 2016. The decrease is comparable to the decrease of revenue and attributable to lower sales.

Gross Profit

Gross profit for the period ended March 31, 2017 was \$344,489 compared to \$305,152 for the period ended March 31, 2016. The increase is attributable to the decrease in costs for the current period as compared to the same period last year.

Operating Expenses

For the period ended March 31, 2017, we incurred total operating expenses in the amount of \$3,936,765, composed of selling expenses of \$101 and general and administrative expenses totalling \$3,936,664. Whilst, for the period ended March 31, 2016, we incurred total operating expenses in the amount of \$358,621 which was composed of selling expenses of \$867 and general and administrative expenses totalling \$357,754. The decrease of \$766 or 88% for the selling expenses, along with the increase of \$3,578,910 or 1000% for the administrative expenses, caused total operating expenses to increase by \$3,578,144, or 998%.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of March 31, 2017, we had a cash balance of \$90,421. During the period ended March 31, 2017, net cash used in operating activities totalled \$29,538. Net cash used in investing activities totalled \$12,074. Net cash used in financing activities during the period totalled \$44,883. The resulting change in cash for the period was a decrease of \$15,011, which was primarily due to cash used in inventories, commission payables, income tax payable, and purchase of property, plant and equipment.

As of March 31, 2017, we had current liabilities of \$1,653,281, which was composed of amount due to related parties of \$817,877, commission payables of \$159,417, account payable of \$2,197, accruals and other payable of \$614,173 and amount due to a director of \$59,617.

As of March 31, 2016, we had a cash balance of \$767,241. During the period ended March 31, 2016, net cash generated from operating activities totalled \$433,882. Net cash used in investing activities totalled \$93,048. Net cash generated from financing activities during the year totalled \$228,438. The resulting change in cash for the period was an increase of \$463,447, which was primarily due to cash in from accruals and other payables, commission payables, amount due to a related party and amount due to a director.

As of December 31, 2016, we had current liabilities of \$1,482,111, which was composed of amount due to related parties of \$632,239, amount due to an associated company of \$279,219, other payable of \$446,487, commission payables of \$115,915 and account payable of \$8,251, accruals and other payable of \$446,487.

We had net liabilities of \$1,167,330 and \$1,066,596 as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.

The Company has incurred losses since its inception resulting in an accumulated deficit of \$6,245,200 as of March 31, 2017, and further losses are anticipated in the development of its business raising substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon the Company generating profitable operations in the future and/or obtaining the necessary financing to meet its obligations and repay its liabilities arising from normal business operations when they become due. Our future financial results are also uncertain due to a number of factors, some of which are outside our control. These risk factors include, but are not limited to:

- our ability to raise additional funding; and
- the results of our proposed operations.

Going Concern Consideration

Our financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which assumes that we will be able to realize our assets and discharge our liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. We have incurred losses since inception resulting in an accumulated deficit of approximately \$6,245,200 as of March 31, 2017 and further losses are anticipated in the development of our business raising substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. Our ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon our generating profitable operations in the future and/or obtaining the necessary financing to meet our obligations and repay our liabilities arising from normal business operations when they come due. Management intends to finance operating costs over the next twelve months with existing cash on hand and/or private placement of common stock. These financials do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and reclassification of recorded asset amounts or amounts and classifications of liabilities that might result from this uncertainty.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have no off-balance sheet arrangements including arrangements that would affect our liquidity, capital resources, market risk support and credit risk support or other benefits.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

There are no material changes from the critical accounting policies set forth in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" of our December 31, 2016 financial statements included in our Amendment No. 1 to our Current Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on April 17, 2017. Please refer to that document for disclosures regarding the critical accounting policies related to our business.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

None

Contractual Obligations

Not applicable.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Not applicable.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management including our principal executive and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures. Based upon their evaluation of those controls and procedures performed as of the end of the period covered by this report, our principal executive and principal financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective in ensuring that: (i) information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit to the SEC under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in applicable rules and forms and (ii) material information required to be disclosed in our reports filed under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow for accurate and timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

As required by Rule 13a-15(e), our management has carried out an evaluation, with the participation and under the supervision of Leong Yee Ming, our Chief Executive Officer, and Ng Kar Who, our Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as of March 31, 2017. Based upon, and as of the date of this evaluation, Leong Yee Ming, our Chief Executive Officer, and Ng Kar Who, our Chief Financial Officer determined that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective and reflected the following material weaknesses:

- a) We did not maintain sufficient personnel with an appropriate level of technical accounting knowledge, experience, and training in the application of GAAP commensurate with our complexity and our financial accounting and reporting requirements. We have limited experience in the areas of financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures. Also, we do not have an independent audit committee. As a result, there is a lack of monitoring of the financial reporting process and there is a reasonable possibility that material misstatements of the financial statements, including disclosures, will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis; and
- b) Due to our small size, we do not have a proper segregation of duties in certain areas of our financial reporting process. The areas where we have a lack of segregation of duties include cash receipts and disbursements, approval of purchases and approval of accounts payable invoices for payment. This control deficiency, which is pervasive in nature, results in a reasonable possibility that material misstatements of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

Changes in Internal Controls

During the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2017, there have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect our internal controls over financial reporting.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

The following exhibits are included as part of this report:

Exhibit Number	Description of Exhibit
31.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer and Pursuant to Rule 13a-14
31.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14
32.1	CEO Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act
32.2	CFO Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Linkbase Document
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document

SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

VITAXEL GROUP LIMITED

May 15, 2018

By: /s/ Leong Yee Ming

Leong Yee Ming, Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer)

VITAXEL GROUP LIMITED

May 15, 2018

By: /s/ Lim Wee Kiat

Lim Wee Kiat, Chief Financial Officer (principal financial and accounting officer)

**CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER
PURSUANT TO SECTION 302(A) OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Leong Yee Ming, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-Q/A of Vitaxel Group Limited;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 15, 2018

By: /s/ Leong Yee Ming
Name: Leong Yee Ming
Title: Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

I, Lim Wee Kiat, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-Q/A of Vitaxel Group Limited;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 15, 2018

By: /s/ Lim Wee Kiat
Name: Lim Wee Kiat
Title: Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

STATEMENT FURNISHED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002, 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A of Vitaxel Group Limited (the "Company") for the quarter ended March 31, 2017 (the "Report"), I, Leong Yee Ming, Chief Executive Officer, certify as follows:

- A) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o(d)), and
- B) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company as of the dates and for the periods covered by the Report.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

Date: May 15, 2018

By: /s/ Leong Yee Ming
Name: Leong Yee Ming
Title: Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

STATEMENT FURNISHED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002, 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A of Vitaxel Group Limited (the "Company") for the quarter ended March 31, 2017 (the "Report"), I, Ng Kar Woh, Chief Financial Officer, certify as follows:

- A) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o(d)), and
- B) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company as of the dates and for the periods covered by the Report.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

Date: May 15, 2018

By: /s/ Lim Wee Kiat

Name: Lim Wee Kiat

Title: Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)
